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## CHAPTER 15 | Origin of Mankind

About the origins of man are the well-known religious and secular explanations in circulation. One of the secular descriptions about this can be found in the Sumerian clay tablets. Sumer is the earliest known civilization in the historical region of Mesopotamia around 3800 - 2000 BC. This is the area in southern Iraq between the rivers Tigris and Euphrates at the upper reaches of the Persian Gulf. These clay tablets are largely translated by Zecharia Sitchin (1920). In his 1976 book 'The 12th Planet' he tells their story. In the Sumerian clay tablets one could read that about 450,000 years ago a group of humanoid extraterrestrials, called Anunnaki, arrived on Earth by spacecraft. They came from the planet Nibiru, which is about three times the size of Earth and which would be the twelfth planet in our solar system. This planet makes an elliptical orbit around the sun for 3,600 years. The Anunnaki are said to have landed in Mesopotamia, where they built a high civilization. From there, they began to colonize the Earth and look for minerals, including gold, to use on their own planet. The Anunnaki are said to have created the human race about 300,000 years ago to work as slaves in the mines. The Anunnaki are said to have genetically engineered the human race from material from the female Homo erectus, from Africa, and an Anunnaki man. The Anunnaki woman served as a surrogate mother. Initially, only males were produced. Later, women. About 100,000 years ago, the man and the woman were given the opportunity to reproduce. There is still a lot to tell about the common history of the Anunnaki and man, but many books and articles have been written about this. In his book 'Rule by Secrecy:' by Jim Marrs, describes that much esoteric knowledge relating to architecture, architecture, metallurgy, astronomy and geography from the Anunnaki era has been preserved by tradition. This knowledge ended up, for example, with the Templars. They got acquainted with the story of the Anunnaki during their excavations during the first crusades under the Temple of Solomon in Jerusalem and also heard that story from the Assassins. Since then much of this knowledge would have been hidden through the system of 'secret societies', such as the Priory of Sion and Freemasonry. Marrs goes on to write that the Knights Templar *'found documents and artefacts that could have been used to destroy ecclesiastical traditions just when they were established'*. *Since then, the Catholic Church has made every effort to "eradicate everything that defied her authority by particularly violent and murderous means,"* Marrs writes. This is one of the main reasons why the above information has not become commonplace in recent centuries. There may also be another reason for this. Marrs writes: *'Precisely the immense and ancient power of the knowing elite - traceable through blood and through philosophy - has tried to bring almost every important movement that strives to fully develop human capacity under its power, from the time long before pre-Christianity to the New Age. Since it has been clearly demonstrated that this knowledge - or this worldview - is still firmly anchored in the highest degrees of the secret societies, there seem to be only three possibilities: either the small initiated elite continues to acquire wealth and power in*



*the hope of making contact with our ancient creators, or they have already made that contact and are guided or directed, or they are the ancient creators, the Anunnaki.'* Be that as it may, it is important to note that there are Sumerian clay tablets that tell a story. You can dismiss that story and its meaning as nonsense and cling to what has been propagated for centuries by political and religious leaders, or you can open up to it and examine it more closely.